

U.S. Department of Homeland Security U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services *Office of the Director* (MS 2000) Washington, DC 20529-2000

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

November 2, 2016

PA-2016-07

Policy Alert

SUBJECT: Definition of Certain Classes of Medical Conditions and Other Updates Relating to Health-Related Grounds of Inadmissibility

Purpose

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) is updating guidance in the <u>USCIS Policy</u> <u>Manual</u> regarding health-related grounds of inadmissibility in accordance with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) rulemaking updating Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 34 (42 CFR 34).

Background

On January 26, 2016, HHS published the final rule updating HHS's regulation. USCIS is updating its guidance in Volume 8, Part B of the Policy Manual to reflect the changes to the HHS regulation. The HHS final rule was effective on March 28, 2016. Accordingly, the updates made to the USCIS Policy Manual are effective as of March 28, 2016. The guidance contained in the Policy Manual is controlling and supersedes any prior guidance.

Policy Highlights

- Updates the definition of a Class A condition, to include failure to present documentation of having received vaccinations against vaccine preventable diseases.
- Updates the definition of a Class B condition to "health conditions, diseases, or disability serious in degree or permanent in nature."
- Updates the definition of physical and mental disorders with associated harmful behavior and the definition of drug abuse and drug addiction.
- Removes 3 medical conditions (chancroid, granuloma inguinale, and lymphogranuloma venereum) from the list of communicable diseases of public health significance that would render an applicant for immigration benefits inadmissible on health-related grounds of inadmissibility.

Citation

Volume 8: Admissibility, Part B, Health-Related Grounds of Inadmissibility [8 USCIS-PM B].